

RYAN WHITE PROGRAM TREATMENT GUIDELINES & ADDITIONAL SERVICE DELIVERY STANDARDS

OUTPATIENT MEDICAL CARE (INCLUDING MINORITY AIDS INITIATIVE)

Guidelines: Providers will adhere to the following clinical guidelines for treatment of HIV/AIDS specific illnesses (which can be found at www.aidsinfo.nih.gov/guidelines/, unless otherwise noted):

- Panel on Antiretroviral Guidelines for Adults and Adolescents. Guidelines for the Use of Antiretroviral Agents in HIV-1-Infected Adults and Adolescents. Department of Health and Human Services. January 10, 2011; pp 1-166. Available at: <http://www.aidsinfo.nih.gov/ContentFiles/AdultandAdolescentGL.pdf>. Accessed 1/31/2011.
- Panel on Antiretroviral Therapy and Medical Management of HIV-Infected Children. Guidelines for the Use of Antiretroviral Agents in Pediatric HIV Infection. August 16, 2010; pp 1-219. Available at: <http://aidsinfo.nih.gov/ContentFiles/PediatricGuidelines.pdf>. Accessed 1/31/2011.
- Panel on Treatment of HIV-Infected Pregnant Women and Prevention of Perinatal Transmission. Recommendations for Use of Antiretroviral Drugs in Pregnant HIV-Infected Women for Maternal Health and Interventions to Reduce Perinatal HIV Transmission in the United States. May 24, 2010; pp 1-117. Available at: <http://aidsinfo.nih.gov/ContentFiles/PerinatalGL.pdf>. Accessed 1/31/2011.
- A Guide to Primary Care for People with HIV/AIDS, 2004 Edition, John G. Bartlett, M.D., et al, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration, HIV/AIDS Bureau; and Pocket Guide to Adult HIV/AIDS Treatment, February 2006 edition. (Available at: www.hab.hrsa.gov/tools/primarycareguide/)
- A Guide to the Clinical Care of Women with HIV/AIDS, 2005 Edition, Jean Anderson, MD, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration, HIV/AIDS Bureau. (Available at: www.hab.hrsa.gov/publications/womencare05/)
- Guidelines for Prevention and Treatment of Opportunistic Infections in HIV-Infected Adults and Adolescents, Recommendations from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), National Institutes of Health (NIH), and the HIV Medicine Association of the Infectious Diseases Society of America, Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report (MMWR), April 10, 2009, vol. 58, No. RR-4; including pediatric dosing update for Valcyte, dated September 15, 2010. (Available at: http://aidsinfo.nih.gov/contentfiles/Adult_OI_041009.pdf)

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- Guidelines for Prevention and Treatment of Opportunistic Infections among HIV-Exposed and HIV-Infected Children, Recommendations from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), the National Institutes of Health (NIH), the HIV Medicine Association of the Infectious Diseases Society of America, the Pediatric Infectious Diseases Society, and the American Academy of Pediatrics, Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report (MMWR), September 4, 2009, vol. 58, No. RR-11.
(Available at: http://aidsinfo.nih.gov/contentfiles/Pediatric_OI.pdf)
- Clinical Manual for Management of the HIV-Infected Adult, AIDS Education and Training Centers (AETC) National Resource Center, 2006 Edition, updated July 2007.
(Available at: <http://aidsetc.org/>)
- Care and Treatment for Hepatitis C and HIV Co-infection, HIV/AIDS Bureau, April 2006;
Available at <http://hab.hrsa.gov/tools/coinfection/>.
- Clinical Guide on Supportive and Palliative Care for People with HIV/AIDS, Alexander, Carla, MD; et. al., 2003 Edition. (Available at: www.hab.hrsa.gov/tools/palliative/)
- In addition, providers will adhere to other generally accepted clinical practice guidelines.

Standards:

- Providers will inform clients as to generally accepted clinical guidelines for HIV+ pregnant women, treatment of AIDS specific illnesses, clients infected with tuberculosis, hepatitis, or sexually transmitted diseases, and other priorities identified by the Miami-Dade HIV/AIDS Partnership's Medical Care Subcommittee.
- Providers will screen for TB and make necessary referrals for appropriate treatment. In addition, providers will follow Universal Precautions for TB as recommended by the CDC. Providers will also screen for hepatitis, sexually transmitted diseases, and other priorities identified by the Miami-Dade HIV/AIDS Partnership's Medical Care Subcommittee.

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SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT/COUNSELING – RESIDENTIAL & OUTPATIENT (INCLUDING MINORITY AIDS INITIATIVE)

Guidelines: Providers will adhere to generally accepted clinical guidelines for substance abuse treatment of persons living with HIV/AIDS. The following are examples of such guidelines:

- Published by the American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM), these guidelines include principles for working with HIV-positive patients in addiction treatment settings including, but not limited to, HIV antibody testing, post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) for HIV, integrating HIV-positive patients into addiction treatment programs and groups, neuropsychiatric components of HIV/AIDS, approaching the medical evaluation in the era of HIV/AIDS, and harm-reduction strategies in addiction medicine (*Guidelines for HIV Infection and AIDS in Addiction Treatment*, American Society of Addiction Medicine, Melvin Pohl, M.D., Chair, et al, Chevy Chase, MD, most current as of March 1, 2011; and the *Principles of Addiction Medicine*, Fourth Edition).
- Published by the ASAM, national guidelines were developed for the implementation of a patient placement system. The purpose of this clinical guide is to place the patient in a level of care that has the appropriate resources to treat the patient's condition [*ASAM Patient Placement Criteria for the Treatment of Substance-Related Disorders (ASAM PPC-2R)*, American Society of Addiction Medicine, Washington, DC, Second Edition-Revised (April 2001)].
- Published by the ASAM, public policy statements (see www.asam.org/policycategory.cfm) related to the substance abuse treatment of clients living with HIV/AIDS, that include *Access to Sterile Syringes and Needles (formerly “Needle Exchange”)*, *Hepatitis C (with Physician Supplement)*, *HIV/AIDS Education for Drug and Alcohol Treatment*, *HIV Testing of Patients in Addiction Treatment Facilities*, *Primary Medical Care for HIV Infected Patients in Addiction Treatment*, and *The Treatment of Patients With Alcoholism or Other Drug Dependencies*, and *Who Have or are at Risk for Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS)*, 1994-2003.
- Rules governing the treatment of physically drug dependent newborns, substance exposed children, and/or children adversely affected by alcohol and the families of these children that are consistent with the administrative regulations promulgated in Chapter 65 of the Florida Administrative Code by the State of Florida Department of Children and Family Services, as may be amended.

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SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT/COUNSELING – OUTPATIENT & RESIDENTIAL (INCLUDING MINORITY AIDS INITIATIVE) (continued)

- Rules governing the provision of substance abuse treatment services consistent with the regulations promulgated by the State of Florida’s Alcohol Prevention and Treatment (APT) and Drug Abuse Treatment and Prevention (DATAP) programs, as may be amended.
- Rules governing the provision of residential and outpatient substance abuse treatment services with regards to licensure and regulatory standards that are consistent with the administrative regulations promulgated in Chapter 65D-30, Substance Abuse Services, of the Florida Administrative Code by the State of Florida Department of Children and Families, as may be amended.

MENTAL HEALTH THERAPY/COUNSELING & PSYCHOSOCIAL SUPPORT SERVICES

Guidelines (Mental Health Therapy/Counseling Levels I and II; and Psychosocial Support Services Levels III and IV): Providers will adhere to generally accepted clinical guidelines for mental health therapy/counseling or psychosocial support counseling of persons living with HIV or AIDS. The following are examples of such guidelines:

- American Psychiatric Association (APA) Policies and Position Statements, and Resource Documents on AIDS and HIV Disease, including: *HIV Infection; HIV and Discrimination; Confidentiality, Disclosure, and Protection of Others; HIV Antibody Testing; Psychiatric Implications of HIV/HCV Coinfection; Recognition and Management of Substance Use Disorders and Other Mental Illnesses Comorbid with HIV; HIV Infection and Pregnant Women; HIV and Children; HIV and Adolescents; Needle Exchange Programs; Recognition and Management of HIV-Related Neuropsychiatric Findings and Associated Impairments; HIV-Infected Psychiatrists; Occupational HIV Exposure: Protocols and Protections; HIV & Crystal Methamphetamine; HIV Infection and People Over 50;* as well as *Outpatient Psychiatric Services*, American Psychiatric Association, Arlington, VA, 2003 through 2008, as may be amended.
- *Practice Guideline for the Treatment of Patients with HIV/AIDS*, American Psychiatric Association, Arlington, VA, November 2000; including *Guideline Watch: Practice Guideline for the Treatment of Patients with HIV/AIDS*, Marshall Forstein, M.D., et al, American Psychiatric Association, April 2006, as may be amended.

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MENTAL HEALTH THERAPY/COUNSELING & PSYCHOSOCIAL SUPPORT SERVICES **(continued)**

Guidelines (Pastoral Care): Providers will adhere to generally accepted clinical guidelines for pastoral care counseling of persons with HIV/AIDS. References for these guidelines include those issued by:

- *Association for Clinical Pastoral Education*
- *American Institute of Islamic Studies and Culture*
- *Canadian Association for Pastoral Practice and Education*
- *National Association of Catholic Chaplains*
- *National Association of Jewish Chaplains*

HOME DELIVERED MEALS

Guidelines:

- Providers will adhere to generally accepted nutritional standards for provision of meals to persons living with HIV or AIDS. One accepted clinical practice guideline is provided by The American Dietetic Association, *Manual of Clinical Dietetics*, that includes recommended allowances and a sample menu and daily meal plan for a high-protein, high calorie diet, commonly used for HIV infected individuals who are protein and energy malnourished (*Manual of Clinical Dietetics*, 6th Edition, co-published by The American Dietetic Association and the Dietitians of Canada, © October 2000, including the supplement of June 2001 and the errata update of September 2002).